

## **Current Transducer HOP 200 .. 600-SB**

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary



c FLI® US	RØHS
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## **Electrical data**

	Туре	Primary nominal	Primary current,	
		rms current	measuring range	
		$I_{\scriptscriptstylePN}\left(A\right)$	$I_{PM}\left(A\right)$	
	HOP 200-SB	200	± 300	
	HOP 300-SB	300	± 450	
	HOP 400-SB	400	± 600	
	HOP 500-SB	500	± 750	
	HOP 600-SB	600	± 900	
$V_{ m out}$	Output voltage (Analog)		± 4	V
R,	Load resistance		> 10 k	ĸΩ
$U_{\rm c}$	Supply voltage (± 5 %)		± 12 15	٧
$I_{_{ m C}}$	Current consumption		20 m	nΑ

## **Accuracy - Dynamic performance data**

			٥,
X	Accuracy 1) @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25 °C$	≤ ± 2	%
$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{E}}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$	Linearity error 1)	≤ ± 1	%
		Typ Max	
$V_{\scriptscriptstyle{OE}}$	Electrical offset current @ $I_P = 0$ , $T_A = 25$ °C	± 50 ± 140	mV
$V_{\scriptscriptstyle OM}$	Magnetic offset current @ $I_P = 0$ and specified $R_M$ ,		
	after an overload of 3 × $I_{PN}$	± 20 ± 30	mV
$V_{\scriptscriptstyle{ extsf{OT}}}$	Temperature variation of $V_{\odot}$ - 10 °C + 70 °C	± 140 ± 550	mV
$oldsymbol{arepsilon}_{GT}$	Thermal drift of sensitivity	± 1.5	%
$t_{r}$	Step response time $^{1)}$ to 90 % of $I_{_{\mathrm{PN}}}$	< 10	μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 50	A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC 8	kHz

#### **General data**

$T_{\wedge}$	Ambient operating temperature	- 10 + 70	°C
$T_{s}$	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 + 85	°C
m	Mass	110	g
	Standard	EN 50178: 1997	

Note: 1) Excludes the electrical offset.

# $I_{PN} = 200 ... 600 A$



#### **Features**

- Open loop Hall effect transducer
- · Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

#### **Advantages**

- Low power consumption
- · Split core easy for mounting
- · High insulation between the primary and the secondary circuit
- No insertion losses.

#### **Applications**

- Power supplies for TELECOM (monitoring & measuring)
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- · Battery supplied applications
- Electrical chemistry
- Chopper.

## **Application domain**

• Industrial.



#### **Current Transducer HOP 200 .. 600-SB**

Iso	olation characteristics		
$U_{d}$	Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3	kV
$\hat{U}_{_{W}}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs	6	kV
$U_{\rm e}$	Partial discharge extinction rms voltage @ 10 pC	≥ 1.5	kV
		Min	
$d_{_{\mathrm{Cp}}}$	Creepage distance 1)	9.7	mm
$oldsymbol{d}_{ extsf{Cp}} \ oldsymbol{d}_{ extsf{Cl}}$	Clearance 1)	9.7	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	250	

Note: 1) On housing from pin to primary hole.

## **Applications examples**

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{\text{Cp}}, d_{\text{Cl}}, \hat{U}_{\text{W}}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	1000 V	1000 V
Reinforced insulation	500 V	500 V

## **Safety**

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



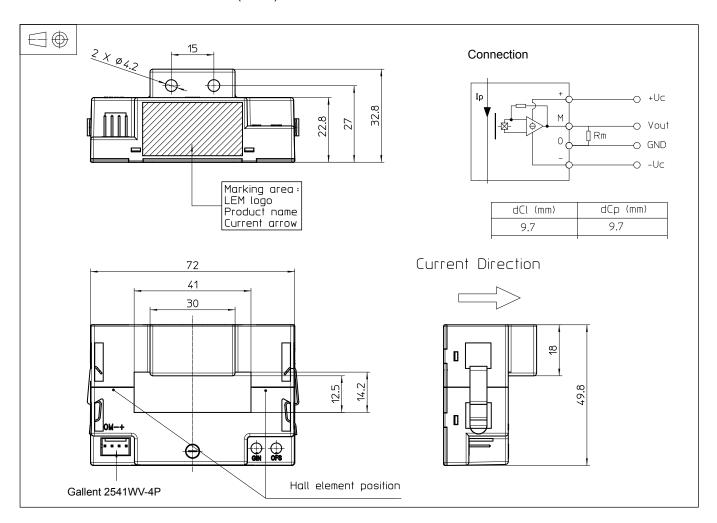
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



### Dimensions HOP 200 .. 600-SB (in mm)



#### **Mechanical characteristics**

General tolerance

Transducer fastening

2 holes Ø 4.2 mm 2 M4 steel screws

± 0.5 mm

Recommended fastening torque 1.2 N·m • Primary through-hole

41 × 12.5 mm

Connection of secondary

Gallent 2541WV-4P

"Mating connector provided with the transducer"

#### **Remarks**

- $I_{\rm S}$  is positive when  $I_{\rm P}$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.